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ARIZONA ELEGANS ELEGANS (Kansas Glossy Snake). USA: COLORADO: WASHINGTON Co., Highway 61, 2.2 mi. N junction County Road 32 (UTM 0673708, 4435583). 7 September 2002. UNC-MNH Photographs 35-36. Verified by David Chiszar and Hobart M. Smith. First county record (Hammerson 1999. Amphibians and Reptiles of Colorado. Second Ed. Univ. Colorado Press, Niwot. xxvii + 484 pp.).

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BOTHROPS LEUCURUS (White-tailed Lancehead). BRAZIL: PERNAMBUCO: Serra dos Cavalos; Parque Ecologico João Vasconcelos Sobrinho; Caruaru (08°18'36"-08°30'00"S and 36°10'10"W). 22 April 1998. Antônio Ferreira Matos. Instituto de Biologia, Universidade Federal da Bahia (UFBA1214). Verified by Giuseppe Puerto. Serra dos Cavalos (900 m elev. and 350 ha) is an Atlantic forest remnant localized in a semi-arid region of Pernambuco state. *B. leucurus* was known from Bahia, Sergipe, Alagoas, and Ceara states (Porto and Texeira 1995. Herpetol. Rev. 26:156). First state record, extends known distribution ca. 250 km airline NW in the Brazilian Northeast.

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COLUBER CONSTRICTOR FLAVIVENTRIS (Eastern Yellow-bellied Racer). USA: COLORADO: PHILLIPS Co., County Road 61 at junction County Road 14 (UTM: 0746486, 4490198). 26 August 2002. UNC-MNH Photographs 31-32. Verified by David Chiszar and Hobart M. Smith. First county record (Hammerson 1999. Amphibians and Reptiles of Colorado. Second Ed. Univ. Colorado Press, Niwot. xxvii + 484 pp.).

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CROTALUS ATROX (Western Diamond-backed Rattlesnake): USA: ARIZONA: MOHAVE Co: Lake Mead National Recreation Area, Pierce Ferry, ca 100 m from water's edge under a picnic platform, Colorado River, river mile (RM) 280 L: 36°07'N, 114°00'W. 27 April 2000. Wayne L. Peterson. KU CT 11877. Verified by Cecil Schwalbe. First verified record for the upper Lake Mead Region and furthest downstream record in the Grand Canyon Region (an extension of 54.3 RM, 87.4 river km; roughly

69 km land distance). Grater (1981. Snakes, Lizards, and Turtles of the Lake Mead Region. Publ. Southwest Parks and Monuments Association. 47 pp.) and Lowe et al. (1986. The Venomous Reptiles of Arizona. Publ. Arizona Game and Fish Department, Phoenix. 115 pp.) suggest that *C. atrox* has been found only in the southern part of the Lake Mead-Lake Mojave Region. MOHAVE Co: Diamond Creek, RM 225.7 L: 35°46'N, 113°22'W. 19 June 2001. Jock Souter. KU CT 11878. Verified by Joseph T. Collins. Third verified record of *C. atrox* in the Grand Canyon Region. The first record of *C. atrox* for this region (KU Color Slide 11725) was from the same drainage (Brown 2000. Herpetol. Rev. 31:54-55).

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CROTALUS SCUTULATUS (Mojave Rattlesnake). USA: ARIZONA: MOHAVE Co: Hualapai Indian Reservation, Quartermaster Point, 0.8 km from the Colorado River: river mile (RM) 260.5 L: 35°58'N, 113°47'W. Summer 1999. Ralph Jones. KU CT 11885. Verified by Cecil R. Schwalbe. First verified record in the Grand Canyon Region. Miller et al. (1982. Amphibians and Reptiles of the Grand Canyon. Publ. Grand Canyon Nat. Hist. Assoc. 114 pp.) suggested that *C. scutulatus* might inhabit the lower end of the canyon, however there were no confirmed records. Grater (1981. Snakes, Lizards, and Turtles of the Lake Mead Region Publ. Southwest Parks and Monuments Association. 47 pp.) mentioned that *C. scutulatus* did not appear common in the Lake Mead Region. Lowe et al. (1986. The Venomous Reptiles of Arizona. Publ. Arizona Game and Fish Department, Phoenix. 115 pp.) show the northern distribution of *C. scutulatus* extending north close to the Colorado River near Peach Springs Canyon (RM 225.7 L) and reaching the Colorado River at Pierce Ferry (RM 280 L), but not found near the Colorado River in the intervening region.

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DENDROASPIS POLYLEPIS (Black Mamba). GUINEA: Télémélé (10°54'00"N, 13°01'60"W), 543 m elev. 1996. M. Cellou Baldé. University of Kansas Museum of Natural History (KU CT 11866). Verified by Van Wallach. Adult collected in the hole of a felled tree. First confirmed country record. Although this species has been suggested to occur in Guinea (Droz 1994, *In* Résumé des communications, Premier congrès herpétologique Franco-Suisse. Société Herpétologique de France, Paris. p. 12; David and Ineich 1999. *Dumerilia* 3:3-499), no specific locality or museum specimen was listed. The nearest records for this species are ca. 420 km NNW in Senegal (Håkansson and Madsen 1983. *J. Herpetol.* 17:186-89) and ca. 800 km ESE in Burkina Faso (Spawls and Branch 1995. *The Dangerous Snakes of Africa*. Ralph Curtis Books, Sanibel Island, Florida. 192 pp.).

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